## Listing of claims:

The following is a complete listing of all claims in the application, with an indication of the status of each:

 (Original) A method for lowering and controlling intraocular pressure and/or treating a mammal suffering from glaucoma, which comprises, administering to the mammal a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of the following formula I:

wherein:

 $X = OH, OR^1, OCON(R^5, R^6), or OCOR^5$ :

 $Y^1 = OH$ ,  $OR^1$ , F,  $OCON(R^5, R^6)$ , or  $OCOR^5$ ;

Y<sup>2</sup>=OH, OR<sup>1</sup>, OCON(R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>), or OCOR<sup>5</sup>, with the proviso that both Y<sup>1</sup> and Y<sup>2</sup> are not OH:

 $R^1 = C_{1,3}$  alkyl:

 $R^2 = C_{1.3}$  alkyl, Cl, Br, I, CF<sub>3</sub>, or OR<sup>1</sup>;

 $R^3$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $C_{1,3}$  alkyl;

 $R^5 = C_{1-6}$  alkyl; and

 $R^6 = H, C_{1-6}$  alkyl;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein for the compound of formula I:

 $R^1 = methyl;$ 

 $R^2 = Br$ ,  $C_{1,3}$  alkyl; and

$$R^3, R^4 = H.$$

3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein for the compound of formula I;

 $Y^1 = methoxy$ :

 $Y^2 = OH$ , methoxy; and

the  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  carbons are in the R configuration.

- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the mammal is a human and the compound is administered topically.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, which further comprises, administering an intraocular pressure (IOP) lowering effective amount of an IOP lowering agent selected from the group consisting of:  $\beta$ -blockers, carbonic anhydrase inhibitors,  $\alpha 2$  agonists, prostaglandin analogs, and combinations thereof.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the compound of formula I and the IOP lowering agent are administered together as a single composition.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound of formula I is selected from the group consisting of: (-)-erythro-(1R,2S)-1-Hydroxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Hydrochloride; (+)-erythro-(1S,2R)-1-Hydroxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Hydrochloride; (-)-threo-(1R,2R)-1-Hydroxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Hydrochloride; (-)-erythro-(1R,2R)-1-Methoxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Oxalate; (+)-erythro-(1S,2R)-1-Methoxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Oxalate; (+)-threo-(1S,2S)-1-Methoxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Oxalate; (-)-threo-(1R,2R)-1-Methoxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Oxalate; and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts.

- 8. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the compound of formula I is: (-)-threo-(1R,2R)-1-Methoxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Oxalate and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts.
- 9. (Original) A compound of the following formula I:

I

wherein:

 $X = OH, OR^1, OCON(R^5, R^6), or OCOR^5$ ;

 $Y^1 = OH, OR^1, F, OCON(R^5, R^6), or OCOR^5$ :

 $Y^2 = OH$ ,  $OR^1 OCON(R^5, R^6)$ , or  $OCOR^5$ , with the proviso that both  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2$  are not OH:

 $R^1 = C_{1.3}$  alkyl;

 $R^2 = C_{1.3}$  alkyl, Cl, Br, or I with the proviso that when X = OH,  $R^2$  is not I or methyl:  $R^3$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $C_{1-3}$  alkyl;

 $R^5 = C_{1-6}$  alkyl; and

 $R^6 = H$ ,  $C_{1.6}$  alky;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

10. (Original) The compound of claim 9, wherein for formula I:

$$R^1$$
 = methyl;  
 $R^2$  = Br,  $C_{1.3}$  alkyl; and  
 $R^3$ ,  $R^4$  = H

11. (Original) The compound of claim 10, wherein for formula I:

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Y^1 = methoxy;

Y^2 = OH, methoxy; and

the \alpha and \beta carbons are in the R configuration.
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12. (Original) The compound of claim 9, which is selected from the group consisting of: (-)-(erythro-(1R,2S)-1-Hydroxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Hydrochloride; (+)-erythro-(1S,2R)-1-Hydroxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Hydrochloride; (-)-threo-(1R,2S)-1-Hydroxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Hydrochloride; (-)-erythro-(1R,2R)-1-Hydroxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Oxalate; (+)-erythro-(1S,2R)-1-Methoxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Oxalate; (+)-threo-(1S,2S)-1-Methoxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Oxalate; (-)-threo-(1R,2R)-1-Methoxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Oxalate;

13. (Original) The compound of claim 12, which is:

(-)-threo-(1R,2R)-1-Methoxy-1-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane Oxalate.